

## Aufgaben im Fach Englisch vom 10.01. - 28.01.2022

Liebe Schülerinnen und Schüler,

hiermit erhaltet ihr die Englisch Aufgaben für den oben genannten Zeitraum.

Sollte es Probleme geben, dann meldet euch bei uns.

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### Aufgaben für die A- und B-Kurs Schüler

#### Vocabulary

##### 1. Put in the right word

homeschooling

strict

allowed

classes

awesome

grades

Math

study

**Example:** Monica Calderon is 14 years old. She doesn't go to school.

Monica does homeschooling.

She stays at home and her mom Christy is the teacher.

1. In the morning Monica doesn't leave the house. She stays at home and has \_\_\_\_\_ with her mom.
2. Christy tells Monica every day what she has to \_\_\_\_\_.
3. She can choose from a number of subjects, but she has English and \_\_\_\_\_ every day.
4. Her mom even gives her \_\_\_\_\_ - just like a high school teacher.
5. Christy isn't a real teacher, but she can be really \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Monica isn't \_\_\_\_\_ to use her phone during a lesson.
7. But she still thinks that her mom is an \_\_\_\_\_ teacher!

2. Look at the picture. Put in the right words.



Susan works at a restaurant. They have a d \_\_\_\_\_ there: Everyone who works there has to wear red shirts. Yesterday they were all very busy.

What did they have to do? Susan had to s \_\_\_\_\_ the ketchup bottles.

Another waiter, Mike, had to s \_\_\_\_\_ burgers to the customers.

Susan's c \_\_\_\_\_ Theresa was busy with the customers' tables.

Eddie had to c \_\_\_\_\_ next to the tables, but he wasn't very good at it ...

Anna t \_\_\_\_\_ him while she was cleaning the shelves.

There is an a \_\_\_\_\_ on the wall because Susan's boss needs more people who can work in the kitchen. Susan's boss, Mr Martin, is the m \_\_\_\_\_ of the restaurant.

Susan's friend Matt wants to work at the restaurant too. Yesterday he had an i \_\_\_\_\_ in the manager's office.

3. Textbook p. 48-49, ex 4, 5

## Grammar

### If-clauses Typ I

Um Bedingungen und Folgen auszudrücken, benutzt man if-Sätze. Dabei steht im if-Satz das **simple present**, im Hauptsatz das **will-future**. Geht der if-Satz voran, steht am Ende des if-Satzes ein Komma.

Bedingung (condition)	Folge (consequence)	
If Michael <b>finds</b> a job,	he <b>will earn</b> some money.	Wenn Michael einen Job findet, wird er etwas Geld verdienen.
If you <b>don't work</b> well,	you <b>won't get</b> a bonus.	Wenn du nicht gut arbeitest, bekommst du keine Prämie.

Bedingungssätze können auch mit dem Hauptsatz beginnen. Dann entfällt das Komma.

Folge (consequence)	Bedingung (condition)	
You <b>will be</b> late	if you <b>walk</b> .	Du wirst zu spät kommen, wenn du zu Fuß gehst.
You <b>won't be</b> successful	if you <b>don't work</b> more carefully.	Du wirst nicht erfolgreich sein, wenn du nicht sorgfältiger arbeitest.

Das **will-future** drückt allgemein Zukünftiges aus. Im if-Satz steht nie **will** oder **won't**!

#### 1. Complete the sentences about Susan and her friend Matt.

**Example:** If Susan falls \_\_\_\_\_ (fall) in love with a boy,  
she will tell \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) her friend Matt about it.

- If Matt \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) a girlfriend next month, he  
\_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the school dance with Susan.
- If Susan \_\_\_\_\_ (work) all weekend, she \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) time to see Matt.
- Matt \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a car soon if he \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a job.
- If Matt \_\_\_\_\_ (move) to another city, Susan \_\_\_\_\_ (feel) sad.
- If Susan and Matt \_\_\_\_\_ (have) enough money next year, they  
\_\_\_\_\_ (go) on a journey together.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ (enjoy) their trip if the weather \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) too bad.

#### 2. Textbook p. 49, ex. 6

### Reading: A first date

Textbook p. 42 - 43 ex. 2; 3a, b; 4a, b;

## Mediation: Teen drivers in Iowa

### 1. Read the text.

Are you under 18? Would you like to learn to drive a car?

In Iowa, teenagers can apply for a driver's permit<sup>1</sup> at the age of 14.

To reduce the number of car accidents of young drivers, the State of Iowa has started a Graduated Driver Licensing (GDL) program: Teen drivers must complete three steps before they are allowed to get a full driver's license.

- instruction permit (learner's permit) - from the age of 14 years
- intermediate license - from the age of 16 years
- full license - from the age of 17 years



### The Iowa instruction permit

Teenagers in Iowa from the age of 14 can get an instruction permit. This is what teen drivers have to do to apply for the instruction permit:

- > bring a form of identification and your social security number<sup>2</sup>
- > take a vision test
- > take a written test
- > A parent must sign the application.

Teenagers who have the Iowa instruction permit are only allowed to drive if an adult driver is watching them (a parent, a family member over the age of 21 or a driver's education teacher). Teen drivers are not allowed to use a phone while driving.

Teen drivers with an instruction permit must complete a driver's education course: 30 hours of classroom instruction and six hours driving instruction in a car with a driver's education school. They must also complete a minimum of 20 hours of driving practice with an adult driver.

After driving safely for six months without an accident, teen drivers can apply for an intermediate license at the age of 16.

<sup>1</sup> permit = Erlaubnis    <sup>2</sup> social security number = Sozialversicherungsnummer

**2. Du möchtest ein Highschool-Jahr in Iowa machen und dort auch das Autofahren lernen. Zusammen mit deiner Mutter schaust du eine Broschüre an. Leider kann deine Mutter nicht so gut Englisch. Beantworte ihre Fragen auf Deutsch.**

1. Warum hat der US-Staat Iowa das GDL-Programm ins Leben gerufen?

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2. Du bist 13 Jahre alt. Darfst du in Iowa schon den Führerschein machen? Begründe.

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3. Wie alt muss man sein, um einen vollwertigen Führerschein in Iowa erhalten zu können?

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4. Welche zwei Prüfungen muss man bestehen, um die *instruction permit* zu bekommen?

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5. Dürfen Teenager mit der *instruction permit* in Iowa allein Auto fahren? Erkläre.

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6. Wenn dich deine Schwester, die 20 Jahre alt ist, in Iowa besucht, darfst du sie dann mit dem Auto vom Flughafen abholen und zu deiner Gastfamilie fahren? Begründe deine Antwort.

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7. Wie viele Fahrstunden muss man nachweisen, bevor man mit 16 Jahren die *intermediate license* machen kann? Erkläre genau.

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**Good luck in learning English!**